

SWEPT AWAY.

Land and Water Unite to Destroy a French Village.

St. Gervais Buried Beneath Acres of Earth.

A TERRIFIC RAINSTORM LOOSENS
MOUNTAIN SIDE.

The River Arva Becomes a Raging Tor
rent Covered With Floating Carcasses
—One Hundred and Eighty Bodies Re
covered—Sixteen Persons Injured by
Falling Sidewalk at Milwaukee—Cas
ualty Record

PARIS, July 12.—A terrific storm swept over the Combray Valley last night, and the rain fell in torrents and the enormous quantity of water caused the River Arve to rise suddenly to a great height. The swelling of the mountain stream led to the inundation of the village along the banks, and a great deal of work was done at many places. The worst disaster was at St. Gervais, the famous health resort. The village was practically swept away. The celebrated baths were destroyed and the houses had to be built on a place which had been a mill-race. The village was demolished. The river, full of floating timber, stones, mingled with which are many corpses of men, women and children, besides hundreds of carcasses of cattle, goats and other animals, is still in flood.

A heavy landslide occurred in the mountains that almost overhung the village, and without a moment's warning a number of houses were buried beneath the immense mass of rock and earth. Already thirty dead persons had been found. A great number of persons who had been badly injured were rescued, while some were taken out unhurt. It is thought there are more bodies under the debris.

St. Gervais is a watering place with sulphur
 efervous springs, and is a favorite summer
 resort. It lies in the wooded ravine of Mount
 Moine, half a mile from the Chamoin road.
 The Chamounix Valley is the most cele-
 brated in the Alps for its picturesque sights
 and wild grandeur. Its southern boundary
 is the famous Mont Blanc, from which and
 from the opposite mountains, hardly less
 elevated, vast glaciers descend into the valley.
 The valley is about twelve miles long and
 from one to six miles broad, [forming the
 great basin of the Arve]

The disaster occurred at 8 o'clock in the morning, when nearly all the inhabitants and residents were asleep. It has transpired that the Bionnaz glaciers, which extend from the north-west side of Mount Blanc, became detached and swept down the side of the mountain, carrying the baths and the hamlet of Le Fayetle into the torrent.

The loss of life was appalling. There was no possible chance of the people getting out of the way of the tremendous mass of earth, rock and ice, and a great number

The falling debris of their houses were swept into the river and drowned. Over one hundred persons and fifty horses were rescued from the river, and, with the thirty taken from the ruins of houses bring the death toll to 180. It is not believed that any more persons will be lost of life, as there were no doubt many bodies buried under the masses of debris that will never be recovered.

CASUALTY RECORD.

FIFTY PERSONS INJURED BY A FALLING SIDEWALK.

CHICAGO, Ill., July 12.—Forty persons fell through a rotten sidewalk on Milwaukee avenue last night while watching two policemen put a drunken woman into a patrol wagon. The crowd was plunged ten feet below into the basement, scarcely a person escaping injury. Miss Ida Smith, resident of 1212 Milwaukee, was the first to fall. The names of the injured are:

ELIZABETH HILL, 6 years old, right leg injured.

JOHN JOHNSON, 18 years old, left shoulder.
 ARGENTA OLSEN, 18 years old, bruised and
 scratched all over.
 MRS. BERTHA OLSEN, right foot badly in-
 jured.
 OTTO DOUGLASS, 18 years old, left arm and
 right knee badly bruised.
 ETHEL MAIN, right hip badly bruised.
 OFFICER HOGAN, left knee badly bruised.
 DOUGLAS GRIFFIN, severe bruises.
 OTTO DREAVER, legs bruised.
 OFFICER CONNELLY, bruised on legs.
 JACOB SMITH, bruised on head and
 shoulders.
 ED SMITH, slight bruises.

PAINTBALL INJURED.
 QUINCY, 11 July 12.—White Miss Wrenson
 of St. Louis, who is visiting friends here, was
 passing Weems Bros' dye-house, a cylinder
 exploded, blowing out the glass front of the
 building. A piece of glass cut a painful, but
 not dangerous, wound in her forehead.

THE ROAD RESPONSIBLE.

STAUNTON, July 12.—Mary Schafer, 8 years old, while crossing the Wabash track at Mineola, O. S. Saturday evening was struck by No. 5, a fast train going west, and instantly killed. The corner Hoxsey held an inquest, the jury and the Railroad Co. responsible for the accident. The city ordinance prohibits trains from running faster than ten miles an hour, while this train was running at full speed, about thirty five miles an hour.

GENUVA, July 13.—It has transpired that an explosion on the boiler plate measuring over 9 feet in circumference was blown through the first-class saloon of the steamer *Mont Blanc*, the boiler of which exploded at Ouchy on Saturday last. This large piece of iron went through the saloon like a cannon shot and fell into the lake. The explosion of the boiler caused the sinking of the steamer. Many of those who were on board lost their lives in the accident and were killed by this plate.

SOUTHWESTERN RAILWAY MANAGERS.

They Meet in Executive Session at the Southern Hotel.

The Southwestern Railway & Steamship Association held the first session of a meeting called to effect a reorganization.

Southern Hotel this morning. The session was executive and lasted from 11:15 to 12:30, when an adjournment was taken until 2 o'clock this afternoon. At the close of the meeting Col. Fordyce of the Cotton Belt, who was Chairman, stated that there had been a quorum of the association present, and an effort was made to formulate a new and more binding agreement between the roads represented, but no satisfactory conclusion had been reached.

BISMARCK HONORED

Enthusiastic Demonstration in His Behalf at Kissingen.

FRANCIS JOSEPH WARNED AGAINST WELCOMING THE EX-CHANCELLOR.

Reported Death of William Waldorf Astor a Hoax—The Stewart-Mackey Case Settled by an Apology—Progress of the Venezuelan War—General Foreign News—Brief Cablegrams.

BERLIN, July 12.—At Kissingen on Sunday, in reply to an enthusiastic demonstration in which 600 members of the German party of Wurtemberg participated, Prince Bismarck said this event proved to him that the majority of his countrymen disapproved the attacks made upon him. If Germany remained united he said she could defy every attack and if skillful diplomacy were employed peace could be maintained even with Russia. In conclusion he called for cheers for the King of Wurtemberg and his army, which were given heartily.

Yesterday Prince Bismarck gave a dinner to a Jena deputation headed by Prof. Haerfel. The Liberal papers denounce these deputations.

It is rumored that Count Wilhelm Bismarck, the brother of Prince Bismarck, and Prince Bismarck's son-in-law, Count Hatzfeldt, the German minister at the Hague, intend to resign on account of the Reichsanzeiger revelations.

The *Vossische Zeitung*, under reserve, publishes a statement that Emperor Francis Joseph was delighted with the idea of receiving Prince Bismarck until Prince Reuss, having inquired of the Berlin Government, was instructed to inform Count Kalnoky that the Austrian Emperor must choose between the policy of Prince Bismarck and the German Government; whereupon a proposed visit of Prince Bismarck to Vienna was abandoned.

The *Vossische Zeitung* remarked that Princess Stephanie reserved a seat for the Bismarck wedding, but suddenly changed her mind and quitted Vienna.

The Austrian Government has dissolved sixteen German students' clubs on the ground that they had become political associations contrary to law. The police seized a number of books and papers. The main spring of the Government's action was the discovery of the students in giving such an enthusiastic reception to Prince Bismarck on his recent visit here.

A HOAX.

NO TRUTH IN THE REPORTED DEATH OF W. W. ASTOR.

LONDON, July 12.—In response to numerous telegrams from the United States saying that it was currently reported there that Mr. Wm. Waldorf Astor had died in London yesterday afternoon, a press representative called at Lansdowne House, Mr. Astor's London residence, at an early hour this morning and learned that Mr. Astor was not dead. He at once called this information to the United States, but further inquiries were received stating that it was generally published in the United States that Mr. Astor was dead.

Again the representative went to Lansdowne House, thinking that perhaps Mr. Astor had died since his last visit. As he approached Lansdowne the cheerful appearance of the mansion belied the story that death had stricken the head of the family residence. The windows were open and Mr. Astor's valet was sitting on the steps.

Mr. Astor's valet informed the press representative that his master had passed a good night and that he had partaken of a hearty breakfast. The condition of Mr. Astor, he said, was so much improved that he intended to rise from his bed during the day.

Inquiries made at Mr. Astor's office in Surrey street elicited the information that his agent saw Mr. Astor last night. He was suffering from a severe cold which at one time threatened to do him in. Further inquiries were made at Lansdowne house at noon to-day as Mr. Astor was not at home, and at 2 p. m. Mr. Astor had just left the house for a walk. It is reported that Mr. Astor's health has so much improved that he will go out to-morrow.

Mr. Henry White, secretary of the American Legation, saw Mrs. W. W. Astor to-day and was informed that Mr. Astor was making rapid progress toward recovery. Mr. Astor's physician said that his condition was not dangerous and that he is now recovering. The Astor family have become so annoyed and hurt by the persistent inquiries that have been made of them by various persons that they refuse to make any further answers to questions regarding Mr. Astor's health.

STEWART VS. MACKAY.

THE DEFENDANT APOLOGIZED AND PAID THE LEGAL COSTS.

LONDON, July 12.—The case of Stewart vs. Mackay came up in the Westminster Court yesterday, but was settled without resort to further legal measures. The principals were J. W. Mackay, son of the American bonanza king, and Capt. Randolph Stewart, an old army officer. Capt. Stewart claimed that young Mackay had sent him a letter in menacing terms. When the name of the defendant was called Mr. Mackay's counsel, solicitor George Lewis, informed the court that his client, who was in Paris, had agreed to make an apology to Capt. Stewart for the offensive remarks alleged to be contained in his letter, and also to pay the full costs of the case. This offer of Mr. Mackay was accepted by Capt. Stewart and his counsel, and the matter having thus been amicably adjusted the summons was withdrawn and the suit was declared to be closed.

The nature of the threats conveyed in the letter in question was not revealed and efforts to obtain a full explanation of the difficulty between the two men were unsuccessful. A visit made to Mr. Mackay's London residence failed to disclose any facts in connection with the case. Mr. Mackay's secretary was seen, but he declined to discuss the matter and referred the visitor to his employer's counsel.

VENEZUELAN LAW.

THE GOVERNMENT SUCCESSFUL IN A DESPERATE BATTLE.

CARACAS, July 12.—Dictator Palacios has issued a manifesto from Fort de France, Martinique, to which he went direct from La Guayra, and it scores military leaders, holding them responsible for his misfortunes. There was intense excitement in Caracas on June 30, caused by reports of a bloody battle raging in the vicinity of La Guayra, where Guerra and Vega, with Crespo's advance column, were strongly entrenched. All the roads leading to the capital were lined with wagons bringing the wounded to the hospital. The number of these was so great as to fill all of the hospitals. There was terrific slaughter of government troops. All business was suspended in Caracas.

At night Gen. Mendoza, commanding the left wing of the government army, telegraphed to the Caracas authorities, alleging that the revolutionists were in full flight. In the battle the government generals, Monteverde, Diaz and Zamora were killed. The commander of the right wing also telegraphed to Caracas that

his men had occupied important rebel strongholds without opposition and that the enemy had fled to La Guayra, where he was fighting.

The rebels were repulsed after several hours fighting near Acarigua on June 27. Government troops were defeated with tremendous slaughter. Latest intelligence of the revolution in Spanish Honduras is that Ceiba has been retaken from the insurgents and Mullia and his party of insurgents have been captured in the interior. It is probable that before this they have been executed.

BRITISH ELECTIONS.

GLADSTONE'S MAJORITY IN MIDLOTHIAN WILL BE REDUCED.

LONDON, July 12.—The election in which the greatest interest is felt is progressing in Scotland to-day. This is in the Midlothian district of Edinburghshire, where Mr. Gladstone is opposed by Col. Wauchope, a Liberal Unionist. Party feeling in the district is raised to fever heat and the polling was never before known to be so heavy. In 1885 Mr. Gladstone carried the district by a large majority and in 1890 he was returned without opposition. The Unionists feeling that it would be a waste of time to run a candidate, they decided to support a candidate in the field, and Col. Wauchope was nominated to oppose the Liberal candidate. He has made an active canvass of the district as has also Mr. Gladstone, and the contest is expected to be a close one. So far as can be judged from the polling at this stage of the election there promises to be a large reduction in Mr. Gladstone's former majority.

The voting of yesterday brings the aggregate of the Conservative and Unionist poll up to 14,443, and the aggregate of the Liberal poll to 11,443. The Liberal vote is 1,418, 712. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the total returns received show the election of 20 Conservatives, 17 Liberals, 32 Liberal Unionists, 84 anti-party and 100 party votes.

The report of Mr. Gladstone's having been taken seriously ill after his speech at Penicuik last night is unfounded. Mr. Gladstone is in his usual health and is expected to return to the Liberal Unionist camp.

The results of to-day's elections so far as known up to 5 o'clock p. m. show sufficient Liberal gains to wipe out the Government majority and assure Mr. Gladstone's return to power. The net Liberal gain thus far is thirty-six. This gives a majority of four against the Conservatives on division.

GENERAL FOREIGN NEWS.

RAYACHOL'S LEGACY TO THE PUBLIC-MINOR AFFAIRS.

PARIS, July 12.—Rayachol left a letter to the Public Prosecutor saying that if the anarchists had only to deal with loyal opponents like himself the present system of propaganda by deeds would soon be useless. Another paper of Rayachol's deals with the handling of society on communistical principles. In this paper the author declares that all work, physical or mental, is humiliating.

THE COTTON FAILURE.

LIVERPOOL, July 12.—At a meeting of the creditors yesterday Isaac Cokes & Son, cotton brokers, who failed a few days ago, Bancroft Cokes, head of the firm, explained that the failure was due to transactions connected with the so-called cotton syndicate, which the syndicate failed to pay.

A LINK TO AUSTRALIA. VANCOUVER, British Columbia, July 12.—D. L. Brown, General Freight and Passenger Agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway leaves here Sunday next for China. He will also go to India and New Zealand, and it is rumored his trip is for the purpose of arranging for an Australian line of steamers.

Eastbound Empire State Express. Commencing Monday, June 27th, the New York Central will place in service a new fast train, Buffalo to New York, to be called the "Eastbound Empire State Express."

It will afford a service never before offered the people of New York, and which will surely be appreciated by the traveling public. The train will have the same equipment as the world's most famous train, "The Empire State Express," a combination buffet smoking car, two of the new and elegant coaches, seating 72 passengers each, and a buffet dining-room car.

It will leave Buffalo at 1:15 p. m., daily, except Sunday; Rochester, 2:40 p. m.; Syracuse, 4:15 p. m.; Utica, 5:20 p. m.; Albany, 7:15 p. m., reaching Grand Central Station, New York, at 10:30 p. m. No extra fare will be charged on this train.

A PLEASANT AFFAIR.

Miners Congratulate Stevenson on His Nomination. BLOOMINGTON, Ill., July 12.—Last night the home of Hon. A. C. Stevenson on Trimble square was all aglow, and the premises thronged with a crowd which recalled the memorable night when he returned from Chicago as nominee for Vice-President. It was a great gathering, and the celebration was a most successful one.

After his speech of yesterday he was honored chief by the miners and office employees of the McLean County Coal Co., of which Mr. Stevenson is President. William Radford, president of the miners' union, addressed over 200 miners, who marched under a handsome banner to the Stevenson home. Hundreds of citizens joined the procession and filled the house and grounds.

On arriving, each man was warmly shaken by the hand, and Mr. Stevenson addressed the miners as they entered the house. He referred to the exceedingly peaceable nature of the miners' strike, and spoke of the fact that the miners had always been fully and promptly paid for their work, and that they had bought homes in the suburbs of Stevensonville, named in honor of the company and now vice-president nominee. No miner had ever been treated unfairly or unjustly by Mr. Stevenson as a friend, and he expressed his confidence in the miners' loyalty.

Mr. Stevenson, in an earnest manner, and after voicing his particular gratification at this expression of good will that was his, he said that he had no conviction that organization, looking solely to the betterment of their condition and protection of their rights, was a necessity for the wage earners. By appropriate legislation of industrial concerns, the hours of labor should be lessened.

After his speech of yesterday was given the freedom of the house and served with refreshments.

The Last Call.

Wabash excursion tickets to New York will be on sale until July 18 at the following low rates, good returning until Sept. 15: St. Louis to New York and return via Niagara and the New York Central Railroad, \$21.

St. Louis to New York and return via Niagara and all other lines from Buffalo, \$19. St. Louis to Saratoga and return, \$22.50. Stopovers allowed at and east of Niagara Falls. Call early and secure your tickets and sleeping-car berths. Ticket office southeast corner Broadway and Olive street.

An Old Transfer Revived.

St. Paul, Minn., July 12.—C. L. Hass, Register of Deeds for this county, received yesterday from a Duluth attorney a quit claim deed to an undivided 15,000 acres of what is known as the "Carver tract." The deed was given by descendants of Johan Carver to one Artemus A. Wilder, May 27, 1844, and no account was given for the long delay in reaching the court. The Carver tract, which was located in Ramsey County, includes the whole site of the city of St. Paul. Register Hass declined to record the instrument until he received the proper certificate that all taxes and assessments had been paid on that part of the tract conveyed which was located in Ramsey County.

Drink Lebanon Magnesia Water.

NO CHANGE OF SITE.

The Merchants' Exchange Purchases Its Present Quarters.

AN OVERWHELMING VICTORY FOR THE ADVOCATES OF PURCHASE.

Vote on the Proposition to Buy the Chamber of Commerce Building for \$600,000—A Hot Fight and an Overwhelming Victory—The Vote in Favor 926, Against 391.

Seldom has the floor of the Merchants' Exchange been the scene of such excitement as reigned there this morning. The cause was the vote on the proposition made by the bondholders to sell the Chamber of Commerce for \$600,000. The polls were opened at 10 o'clock, but before they had been open for half an hour the partisans of both factions had assembled in force, ready for the fray. Large piles of placards were distributed, some bearing the word "For," and others the word "Against." These were offered to members as they came in, and where one was accepted the partisans of the other cause endeavored to thrust their sign under a collar. Nearly every hat was decorated with one of the paper signs.

READY FOR THE FIGHT.

A well-organized force of pickets were stationed along the stairs and at the entrance to the hall. In the upper hall and at the door were encountered a solid line that might be compared to the infantry of an army, while the heavy artillery was stationed near the ballot-boxes. The man who made up the line was surrounded by a multitude of advisers, who dined into his ears utterly contradictory opinions and almost fought over his vote. Everything was conducted, however, with much good feeling, considering the excitement that prevailed. It soon became evident that the opponents of the purchase had the most active and best organized force of skirmishers, and in lung power they far exceeded their adversaries. The grain bit was strongly against the proposal to buy and voters crained their necks to hear in his clamor rose high above those not so well practiced. The moment the polls opened there was a rush for the ballot boxes, and within fifteen minutes the "antis," as they were called, had polled a vote largely in excess of that cast by the advocates of the purchase. They then set to work to gather in the outside vote.

But the "pros" as they were called, evidently relied most upon their heavy artillery, and in this they had an overwhelming advantage. Arrayed upon this side was ex-president of the Merchants' Exchange, with the exception of J. K. Ewald, and a large majority of the older members. Among those most active were: Marcus Bernheim, chairman of the Real Estate Committee; Web M. Samuel, Michael McEneaney, Thomas Booth, Frank Gallen, S. Hems, Louis Fusz, Alex. Smith and many others. From 10:15 to 10:45 there was a lull, but soon the vote began to come in. The advocates of the purchase were in a state of great excitement, and many of them were seen to vote in a state of great excitement. The vote was taken in a state of great excitement, and many of them were seen to vote in a state of great excitement.

It was soon made manifest that the outside vote was nearly a unit for the purchase. The polls showed signs of depression and the "pros" of the train will have the same equipment as the world's most famous train, "The Empire State Express," a combination buffet smoking car, two of the new and elegant coaches, seating 72 passengers each, and a buffet dining-room car.

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was made at the Goodsell Observatory last night with the large 36-inch telescope, the sixth largest in the world. At 10:05 o'clock the moon began to pass between the earth and the planet Mars, the occultation being visible through the Mississippi Valley and in some Eastern States. The moon was 24 seconds of an arc in apparent diameter. The occultation began at 10 o'clock and lasted until 11, and ended before the moon was again visible and had resumed its customary brightness. The importance of the occultation is the possibility of observing additional moons circulating around the planet, but at this hour it is impossible to state what the results were at Goodsell Observatory. The observations were, however, accompanied with extreme care and may turn out to be of great value when calculations are deduced from them.

\$9.00 to Lake Chautauqua and Return. Lowest Rate Ever Made.

On Monday, July 18, the Ohio & Mississippi Railway will run a first-class excursion from St. Louis to Lakeview and Jamestown on Lake Chautauqua. Through sleepers and day coaches direct to the shores of the lake will leave St. Louis on the 8:05 p. m. train, arriving at Lakeview and Jamestown next evening in time for supper. Tickets good for return eight days, allowing ample time for a run up to Niagara Falls. It should be remembered that the O. & M. is the only line that leaves St. Louis on any kind of train from St. Louis to any point on Lake Chautauqua. For tickets and full information call at O. & M. offices, 106 North Broadway, and Union Depot, St. Louis.

A. J. LITTLE, Gen'l Western Pass. Agent.

REAL ESTATE INTERESTS.

Down Town Values Being Equalized by Daily Purchases—Residence Properties.

Considering that this is the mid-summer season the demand for property keeps up remarkably well and the sales are numerous, running from \$100,000 to \$150,000 daily. There are a great many buyers, and while their purchases are not very large, they are numerous, and they number from forty to fifty a day. These transactions do much toward giving the market an air of activity which leads to heavier negotiations. Several large deals are now pending, both for central business district and for the city. In the latter case the prices asked in every instance being good round advances on early spring quotations.

In the district south of Market street and east of the river, prices have been paralytically low. A great deal of property has been purchased lately by operators whose faith in the equity of values has been induced to them by the fact that section which will be devoted entirely to business in the future. A great deal of property has been purchased lately by operators whose faith in the equity of values has been induced to them by the fact that section which will be devoted entirely to business in the future.

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LEFT ON DOORSTEPS.

Lena Jones Abandons Her Twin Babies in St. Louis.

SAD STORY OF A RUINED GIRL FROM MURRAY, KY.

She Could Not Support Her Illegitimate Little Ones and So She Deserted Them—The Babies Returned to Her by the Police—Her Joy at Getting Them Back Again.

About 1:30 o'clock this morning Officer Platzer of the Central Police District saw a woman stop for a few seconds in front of Mr. Garvin's residence, No. 232 Pine street, and then walk away rapidly. He hurried after her and arrested her and took her back to the police station, where he found a little baby. When brought before Assistant Chief Heedy at the Four Courts the woman broke down completely and confessed to having abandoned not only one but two illegitimate children. They were twin boys, she said, and she was 23 years old. Her name was Lena Jones, and she came to St. Louis about the 1st of last April from Murray, Ky., where she had been raised by an uncle named James Smith. A young fellow called Joe Meyer had seduced her under promise of marriage, she said, and she had married him, and then he had left her, and she had never seen him since. After reaching St. Louis she found employment as a servant girl at 729 North Twenty-first street but was discharged a few minutes later on his door-step. She had heard that children left that way generally fell into good hands, and she knew that her babies would be well treated by the families she left them with. To last night, she even told how many blocks she had walked or in what direction after getting rid of the first baby before depositing the second one.

SEARCHING FOR THE BABIES.

Upon hearing this remarkable story Chief Heedy notified all the patrolmen west of Twelfth street in the Central District to search for the babies. The police of the Mounted District adjoining the Central District on the west were also notified. It was 5:30 in the morning when Chief Heedy discovered the babies. William H. Mohlman's residence, some member of the family heard the baby cry, and when he went to see what was the matter he found the babies on the door-step and took it in. Officer Miller came along a few minutes later on his door-step inspection tour and the child was turned over to him.

In Mr. Heedy's written report of the matter to Chief Harrigan this morning he says: "When the babies were found on the door-step of the Central District on the west were also notified. It was 5:30 in the morning when Chief Heedy discovered the babies. William H. Mohlman's residence, some member of the family heard the baby cry, and when he went to see what was the matter he found the babies on the door-step and took it in. Officer Miller came along a few minutes later on his door-step inspection tour and the child was turned over to him."

Upon the baby left on the steps of 232 Pine street a card was pinned which was found pinned, on which Lena had scrawled the following: "Please take this baby 1 month old. A similar piece of paper was pinned to No. 2 on which were the words: "Please take this baby 6 weeks old. Lena is 22 years old and quite a good-looking woman. Mother and babies are now in charge of Police Matron Harris, who will find a home or homes for them."

DO YOU WEAR GLASSES? Gold spectacles

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

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THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

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Circulation than that of Any Other TWO
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TUESDAY, JULY 12, 1892.

Weather forecast for thirty-six hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for Missouri:
Light showers to do to-night, followed by generally fair Wednesday; variable winds; cooler in northern portion.
The storm which has been nearly stationary in Montana since last Friday has moved eastward, and is central over Lake Superior this morning. Its passage has caused moderately heavy showers in North Dakota and Northern Minnesota. Light rains have also been general in the Lower Mississippi Valley. Generally fair weather prevails in eastern, central and western sections of the country. An area of high pressure is moving in from the extreme Northwest, accompanied by generally fair and cooler weather. The pressure still remains high of the South Atlantic Coast. The temperature has fallen decidedly in Eastern Montana and North Dakota, but has remained nearly stationary elsewhere. The river will continue to fall.

Weather forecast for thirty-six hours, beginning at 8 a. m. to-day, for St. Louis: Fair to night; increasing cloudiness and probable light showers Wednesday afternoon; cooler by Wednesday night.

GROVER CLEVELAND is determined that this shall not be an infantry battle.

A FEW more victories of the Sherman party kind would ruin the Democratic party of Missouri.

MR. CLEVELAND's hint that "the missus" and the baby are not in the campaign is proper and timely.

It looks now as though Mr. HARRISON would have to manage his own campaign. No one else seems to be willing to assume the risk.

MR. CARNEGIE's works at Homestead are well protected by 6,000 armed men. He is bound to have all the protection there is.

THE adoption of the principles of arbitration and co-operation in the relations of employers and employees would prevent all labor wars.

It is evident that Manager FRICK wants the aid of the military as much to impose wrongs upon workmen as to secure rights of the Carnegie company.

WOMEN are very influential in politics these days. KITTY O'SHEA cut down GLADSTONE's majority at least a hundred and perhaps has killed her rule.

It is hard work for the Democratic House to carry the burden of the late Congress and keep down appropriations, but it is reassuring to know that it is trying to do it.

THE Nebraska people have sent for McKinley to tell them all about the home market for the farmer's grain, how the foreigner pays the tax and how the tariff raises wages.

The strongest combination the opposition to the Democracy can make cannot hurt the party as much as the combination of railroad attorneys for the control of the party conventions.

A DISPATCH from Springfield stated that the railroad boss who presided over the Judiciary Convention hired the brass band and presided over the demonstration of welcome for Judge SHERWOOD upon his return. He knew whose victory SHERWOOD's nomination was and who ought to celebrate it.

"I'm a Pinkerton and I'd just as soon shoot you dead as not," was the exclamation of one of the returned Homestead guards as he emptied his revolver in a Chicago boarding house. The man is believed to be insane, but his accurate expression of the Pinkerton idea indicates that he is all right.

THAT the railroad attorneys will try to control the Jefferson City Convention as they have controlled two other Democratic conventions in this State this year may be depended upon. How far they will succeed in that attempt merely depends upon how far the delegates have regard for the interests of their party.

ALL of the papers published yesterday that Gen. STEVENSON had received congratulations from Mr. CLEVELAND, yet the editorial end of the Old Pretender refers to-day to "CLEVELAND's refusal to send a

message of congratulation to STEVENSON." The Old Pretender never bothers much about news, but it should get out of its doze long enough to keep from being ridiculous.

SENATOR PALMER'S OPINIONS.

The opinions enunciated by Senator PALMER in the Senate are not new, but they never before received entertainment from a man in public official life engaged in dealing in a practical way with practical questions. They have been the product of the merely speculative understanding engaged in the consideration of abstract problems of right and wrong and never before got within ear-shot of working thinkers. Senator PALMER preaches flat Bellamyism and does not try to disguise it. He admits that his interpretation of the law is not in harmony with the current understanding, but maintains that it is according to "principles of the law which must hereafter be applied to the solution of these troubles." In other words, Bellamyism is an accepted doctrine in the public consciousness and needs only definition and publication as law.

Now all this contradicts every aspiration of the American people and is a reversal of the process by which the English race has won such a large measure of freedom for its members. Every forward step has been toward self-help and self-government. The average American does not care to have his career cut out for him. He prefers to do that himself. He does not care for property rights in the mill where he works, but he does care very much for an opportunity to work where he can get the most money for his labor. He does not beg for any protection from government. On the other hand he strenuously objects to contributing any part of his earnings to the support of another who does not work at all. Instinctively he hates monopoly for he knows that directly or indirectly it is an abridgment of personal liberty. In short he stands on the right to bargain, free from restrictions and restraints any intrusion of the law as an impertinence. This view is held by a vast majority of the American people. They have been led away from it in practice, but sooner or later they will get back to a political feeling which is as old as the race and bred in the bone. At bottom they are as far removed as possible from Senator PALMER's position. They will never believe that any man can ever acquire a property right in another man's goods except through gift or purchase in a free market, and they do not beg the Government to help them out of their difficulties. But they do insist that the Government allow them to help themselves, and that it shall stop helping monopoly in its war against freedom. Senator PALMER's alleged principle would have no place in a community not cursed with privilege.

Let the markets of the world be opened up, and the American workmen would not have to beg for a job. Industry of all kind is waiting to be set free from governmental interference. When that ceases the workman will get what he deserves according to natural economic laws. The drift has been generally to less governmentalism for centuries, and there is no reason to think that it has been reversed.

THE spirit of ALBION TOURGEE got into a mob of negroes at Paducah last night and prompted them to inaugurate the race war which that frenzied fanatic preaches so industriously. The ostensible purpose of the rising seems to have been to protect a negro from lynching, who had been jailed for an offense against which the whites have an unconquerable antipathy. In pursuance of this praiseworthy purpose they collected in front of the jail, attacked the guard and killed one or two white men. There is nothing unique in this performance, but the boldness with which the attack was made shows that the negroes have some confidence in themselves. Perhaps they have heard or read some of TOURGEE's speeches and think the white man of the North is only waiting a suitable opportunity to come to their assistance.

MR. GLADSTONE is very much vexed at the labor candidates who have tried to run in between the two great parties and get representation in Parliament. To a man who is bent on accomplishing a great reform and who needs every vote it is vexatious to have impertinent issues and impertinent candidates thrust forward. But leaders of great parties, both in England and America, must get used to the labor candidate. He is here to stay until his claims receive full recognition from one or the other of the great organizations, when he will disappear naturally and inevitably.

THE Cour d'Alene labor troubles seem to spring from the same cause as that which produced the Homestead lockout. In both cases the issue is organized labor. Back of all wages disputes and grievances is the question whether or not workmen may organize themselves for self-protection and self-advancement with the same freedom with which capitalists do the same thing. The lawless acts of these men, it must be admitted, are pretty well matched by the methods on the other side, and some way should be found to substitute arbitration for such disorderly struggles.

PINKERTONISM will probably be suppressed by legislation in other States as it has been outlawed in Missouri, but it is probable that every State has law enough already to prevent the use of the private bravo. The man who shoots another at the bidding of one engaged in a private

quarrel is guilty of murder. The only man who may use or order the use of deadly weapons otherwise than in self-defense is the Sheriff or other duly authorized officer of the law.

SIR CHARLES DILKE is having an unhappy time trying to get back into public life. The British people will forgive or rather ignore the worst immorality in a politician but he must not get into a divorce court. He must make satisfactory arrangements with the wronged husband and keep the knowledge of his offense within the circle of the aristocracy. To allow the "lower classes" to get an inkling of it is the unpardonable sin.

THE military can place the Carnegie company in possession of its works, but it cannot guarantee a permanent peaceful settlement of its differences with the workmen. This can only be secured by the adjustment of them upon a fair and reasonable basis and the best and quickest method of effecting this end is through arbitration. THE WORLD's suggestion contains the only proper solution of this or any other labor trouble.

THE spectacle of CARNEGIE using his millions to force his workmen to accept reduced wages or starve is an object lesson on the subject of protective taxation which should be deeply impressed upon the minds of the American people. It shows that the tax privileges are not helping the workmen or needed for a struggling industry, but are piling up millions to be used to grind more millions from the people.

Reduce the Duty.
From the New York World.
The Carnegie steel works enjoy protection to the amount of from 50 to 75 per cent.

The Carnegie steel works enjoy protection to the amount of from 50 to 75 per cent. The duty on steel is 10 per cent. The duty on iron is 10 per cent. The duty on coal is 10 per cent. The duty on lumber is 10 per cent. The duty on wheat is 10 per cent. The duty on cotton is 10 per cent. The duty on sugar is 10 per cent. The duty on tobacco is 10 per cent. The duty on wine is 10 per cent. The duty on spirits is 10 per cent. The duty on tea is 10 per cent. The duty on coffee is 10 per cent. The duty on rice is 10 per cent. The duty on oil is 10 per cent. The duty on flour is 10 per cent. The duty on sugar is 10 per cent. The duty on tobacco is 10 per cent. The duty on wine is 10 per cent. The duty on spirits is 10 per cent. The duty on tea is 10 per cent. The duty on coffee is 10 per cent. The duty on rice is 10 per cent. The duty on oil is 10 per cent. The duty on flour is 10 per cent. The duty on sugar is 10 per cent. The duty on tobacco is 10 per cent. The duty on wine is 10 per cent. 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MONEY TO LOAN ON PERSONAL PROP"

MONEY TO LOAN from \$1 to \$10,000 on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Loans repaid in installments.
S. VAN HAALST, 12 and 14 S. 6th.

FURNITURE LOANS.
 Money to loan on furniture at residence with removal. Lowest rates. Business strictly confidential.
Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

DO YOU WANT MONEY
 ADVANCED ON FURNITURE AND PIANO.
 If so call on us for low rates; no removal. Loans made on installment plan and strictly private.
EAGLE LOAN CO., 714 PINE ST.
O. C. VOELCKER, Manager, Room 14, second fl.

without having the same and refuses to act as such trustee or to execute the same, the performance of the duties imposed on him by said will is hereby waived; and therefore, notice is hereby given that, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

TUESDAY, THE 2D DAY OF AUGUST, 1892,
between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 12 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the East front door of the Court House in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described property, to satisfy said notes and the costs of executing said trust.

PATRICK M. STAUD.

FURNITURE LOANS—Money loaned on furniture, real estate, building association books, other securities; lowest rates. C. J. Voorhis, 111 N. State.

GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds loan \$25 and upward on household furniture; other security parties wishing loans will be treated fairly and can secure loan satisfactory terms. Call at 1017 Morgan st.

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; M amount; lowest rate John C. King, 814 Mor-

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable.

St. Louis, July 9, 1892.

SHERIFF'S SALE—Under Deed of Trust—Whereas Sylvester Le Beau by his deed dated the 29th day of February, A. D. 1892, and recorded in the Recorder's office of the City of St. Louis, in book 1065, page 533, conveyed to Wm. L. Nelson in trust the following described real estate, to-wit: A lot of ground in city block number 1887 of the city of St. Louis, commencing at the intersection of the west line of Ladine street, the south line of North Market street; thence running southeasterly to the intersection of the Ladine street, a distance of 75 feet to a point; thence

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, musical instruments, guns, two cars, trunks, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Clothing, Trunks, Valises
Musical Instruments
Unredeemed pledges for sale
BARNETT'S LOAN OFFICE
104 N. Broadway.
Business confidential.

Money to Loan

Westward with the south line of lot No. 13 of block 15, D. Page's addition to the city of St. Louis, said city, 53 feet to a point on the western line of the same block, parallel to the western line of Laffin street 76 feet to the south line of North Market street; thence eastward with the north line of North Market street 53 feet to the place of beginning; along the same line 54 feet of lots numbered 13, 14 and 15 of block numbered 15 of Daniel D. Page's second addition to the city of St. Louis. Which said conveyance was made in pursuance of the payment of a certain promissory note, in said deed described. And, whereas, the said note, in said deed made and assigned, and the said William F. Nelson, said trustee, has removed from the city of St. Louis, without having completed the performance of the

MONEY TO LOAN
We have money to loan of
amount from \$50 to \$10,000 on
personal property.

CENTRAL LOAN CO.
204 N. 4th st., St. Louis, Mo., next to old Globe
Democrat office. **JAMES A. BRICE, Manager**

THE FIDELITY LOAN GUARANTY CO.
Money cheap. **FURNITURE LOANS.** Money quick.

duties imposed on him by said deed of trust, and the Court of the City of St. Louis having made an order, the 24th day of June, 1892, directing the Sheriff of the City of St. Louis trustee to execute said deed of trust in lieu and place of the original trustee. Now therefore, notice is hereby given that, at the request of the said order, the note, and by virtue of the said order of court, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the said assignee will, on

THURSDAY, THE 27th DAY OF JULY, 1892,
between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, receive and take in payment of the sum to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described

We loan money on furniture, pianos, etc., under a system that enables you to pay as you go, and thus avoid the large amount due at one time. It is a privilege to make it smaller at any time you see fit. We do not require specified payments, and make a specialty of small loans at the least cost to the borrower. We make loans on all kinds of collateral, allowing you to keep the security in your possession.

619 Pine Street.
MUTUAL LOAN CO., 218 N. 8TH ST.
Near Olive.

Money loaned at reduced rates on furniture and other personal property. No removal necessary.

properly to satisfy said note, and the costs of execution of said trust. PATRICK M. STAUD,
St. Louis, June 27, 1892. Sheriff and Trustee.

15 Cents a Week,
THE POST-DISPATCH,
Daily and Sunday,
Delivered at Your Home or Office

IF YOU WANT MONEY.
It seems to suit, on furniture, pianos, horses, w
ons, without publicity or removal of property, t
call on us. Part payments taken and cost reduc
proportion. German-American Loan Co., F.
Peters, manager, 515 Pine st., second floor.

SORE THROATS.

Sore throat is the cause of more than half the trouble that comes from contagious diseases. The germs of

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

Wanted.

WANTED—A good peddler's wagon. Address
D. Stedelin & Co., No. 928 N. 3d st.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A team of 4 horses, with double harness; also, surrey in fine order; will sell cheap. 1704 Bellgrade av.

FOR SALE—A fine mule, 7 years old; owner has sold him on account of high water; weighs 1,200 lbs.

these maladies such as scarlet fever, diphtheria, mumps, measles, small pox and the like float in the air. They can be taken into the human system without danger, if they do not find an abraded surface. If they do, they enter the blood and swarm

FOR SALE—Or exchange—250 new and second hand vehicles and harness of all kinds; will give you time and money by giving us a call. Western Buggy Co., 1110 N. Broadway.

FOR SALE—Cheep, or Exchange—Storm Buggy—jump-seat and side-bar surreys, grocer, baker, butcher, laundry, painter, whitener, carpenter, painter, glazener, milk and cream wagons, a good 3-horse truck and 2-horse truck. J. A. Toblins, 1400 N. 7th st.

RAPP & MOLLER CARRIAGE CO.
Repairing and repainting of fine pleasure vehicles.

in millions. It is well known that diphtheria can be taken from a wound on the skin on the body. It is particularly noticeable that when such a malady as diphtheria rages it always attacks people after they have caught a slight cold. When you take cold;

STORM BUCCIES
12 KINGMAN & CO., 260 S. 8th st.
FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.
FOR SALE—Cheap, 1,000 empty boxes and cases
A. Siegel Gas Fixture Co., 219 N. Broadway.
FOR SALE—Fine imported pug pups, male and

therefore, and your throat is sore get
a bottle of REID'S GERMAN
COUGH & KIDNEY CURE at once
and take it freely. If your druggist
will not order it for you write to us.
Small bottles 25 cents, large ones 50
cents.

FOR SALE—130 gal. gas holder complete for delivery. Also 100 gal. gas case complete with installation. Apply 825 Locust st.

FOR SALE—Two fine counter shop cases to match room at the great rush for \$1 cabinets. Scholten's. 1314 Olive st.

FOR SALE—A new Brussels carpet, 37 yards; also a handsome new cherry bedroom suite; call \$100; will take \$65. 1200 Wash st.

COAL—Best grades hard and soft; lowest prices. Holschen Coal Co., 1015 N. 10th st. Telephone 3411 or send postal note to same address.

SYLVAN REMEDY CO.,
Peoria, Ill.

 **RUPTURE**
Cured or no Pain

SEWING MACHINES from \$7 to \$35, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan office, 912 Franklin av. S. D. Dreifus

\$6 WILL buy a fine male psg dog; inquire in musician store, 1900 Franklin av. S. S. Dreifus

Lebanon Magnetic Water
 \$1.50 for 12 one-half gallon bottles, delivered.

Bank Vaults and Counters For Sale.

Cured or No Pay.
No detention from business.
We refer you to over 1000
patients. Investigate our meth-
od. Written guarantees to ab-
solutely cure.

EXAMINATION FREE.
THE O. E. MILLER CO.,
600-510 FAGIN BUILDING, 810 OLIVE STREET.
SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

A-1-Burglar Proof Steel Vaults, with time lock for sale cheap. Also fine black walnut counters & desks of elegant and artistic make. Apply to State Bank.

Report for the twenty-four hours ending at 9 a. m.
All observations taken at the seventy-fifth meridian
time.

STATIONS.	Height of Water.	Change.	STATIONS.	Height of Water.	Change.
Dischowa	3.8	21.1	Alton	24.6	-0.2

**Will
Cure all kinds
of
Headache
In 10 minutes.**

Parkersburg	6.5	-0.3	Pierre	5.4	-0.2
Cincinnati	14.6	-0.2	Omaha	15.0	-0.3
Louisville	7.3	0.0	Kansas City	18.2	-0.1
Nashville	9.5	-0.1	St. Louis	18.2	-0.1
Chattanooga	9.5	0.5	Arlington	10.0	-0.2
Florence	10.0	-1.4	Hannibal	17.3	-0.5
Decatur	10.6	-0.3	Herman	12.5	-0.2
St. Paul	5.3	-0.1	St. Joseph	30.4	-0.4
La Crosse	8.2	-0.5	Chester	10.0	-0.1
Le Claire	10.0	-0.1	Cape Girardeau	29.3	0.0
Dubuque	14.2	-0.4	Calico	35.7	-1.0
St. Charles	14.2	-0.4	Perth	27.4	-0.1
Keokuk	14.5	-0.7	Perth Smith	10.0	-0.1
Keokuk Rps	14.5	-0.7	Little Rock	10.0	-0.0
Louisiana	16.0	-0.2	Vicksburg	42.6	-0.3

Price, 10 Cents.

**MEN
BE
MANN**

We will send you the marvelous
French Preparation **CALTHOS**
Free, and a legal guarantee that
CALTHOS will Restore your
Health, Strength and Vigor.
Use it and pay off satisfied.

VON MOHL CO.,
Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Quincy. 16.2 -0.4; New Orleans. 15.2 -0.1

EXPLANATION.

* Fall. † Below zero of gauge. Absence of sign in
shagee column indicates rise in river.

W. H. HAMMON,
Observer Weather Bureau.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 12.—The area of
low pressure which was central in Montana yester-
day morning has moved to the north and is now
central to the north of Lake Superior, attended by

STRICTURES
Positively cured, by safe, easy methods. For description of treatment in book form, for stricture, urinary, nervous excitement, nervous debility, nocturnal discharges and weakness of manhood call upon or address **DR. GEO. C. FITZEE**, 1110 Chambers St., St. Louis, Mo. Books and consultations, in office or by mail, *free of charge*. Office hours: 7 to 9 A. M., 12 to 2 P. M., 6 to 8 P. M.

local showers in the extreme northward and a general increase in pressure from Dakota northwest to the Coast. The Coast is now under a high pressure over the South Atlantic States and the North Pacific Coast. Showers continue in Southern States and fair in Northern States east of the Mississippi. It is warmer in the East than in the West, but the weather is colder in the extreme northwest, while the temperature has remained about stationary on the Atlantic Coast. The indications are that light showers will continue in the coastal States of the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, and will occur to-day in the Upper Lake Region and Upper Mississippi Valley, followed by clearing and cooler weather and a slight increase in temperature. Heavy rainfalls (inches) were reported Monday.

Crossman's Specific Mixture
With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet, or change of location. It is a safe and reliable medicine for a specific to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price 51 per bottle.

Morehead, 0.2- The rivers are above the danger line (in feet and tenths), falling: Keokuk, 0.5; St. Louis, 0.4; Vicksburg, 1.3; New Orleans, 3.2. The Upper Mississippi will fall from Cairo to Helena, Ark., will rise; the lower river will fall; the Ohio, Tennessee, Cumberland and Arkansas will fall. For Missouri—Light shows to-day or to-morrow, followed by generally fair Wednesday, variable winds; cooler in northern portion.

and \$100 bottles by all leading drug-
gists. Any reliable druggist who
has not have it on hand will pro-
mptly for any one who
asked to try it. Do not accept any

FRANCIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
N.Y. NEW YORK, N.Y.

second, Lyons, who has been laid up for some time past, at third; Fuller, who has been sick, at short; and D'Amico, at first. Tiersan in right. D'Amico will assist Boyle behind the bat and Burke and Gore are to be released.

Brooklynites have not yet become reconciled to the way John Ward froze out Billy Terry. One of the explanations for his action is jealousy. A year ago last spring a gold mine was discovered in the person of Terry, the most popular player in Brooklyn. Ward and Terry were the favorites, and at the wind up Terry was found to have the most votes.

Two favorites won and a similar number were
 oved over. The summaries follow:

First race, five furlongs—Dick Norton won; Ben-
 al colt, second; Nathaniel, third. Time, 1:08.
 Second race, four and a half furlongs—Miles Kush
 won; Bath Water, second; Superba, third. Time,
 1:30.
 Third race, five and a half furlongs—Rompy won;
 theaen, second; Lizzie Gwynn, third. Time, 1:14.
 Fourth race, half mile—Minnie Mc won; Easter,
 econd; Dan Tucker, third. Time, 52:49.

THE EVENING EVENTS.

A number of additional electric lights were
 ad at South Side Park last night, and the
 scene was a gaye one than usual. The races

Major Grant of New York said that next season, when he has had leisure from politics, he would try a fall with some of the old timers for the rich turf prizes. Good money can be got for good horses, and as the Mayor has the former in abundance he may blossom out.

THE RING.

NEW ORLEANS, July 12.—Bob Fitzsimmons has arrived here from San Francisco and will remain here a day or two preparatory to going into training for his contest with the

Father is inconsolable in his grief. The young lady was an exemplary daughter and will be missed by all who knew her. She will be buried at 8 p. m. to-morrow, at St. Peter's Cemetery. Reverend Hobbs will return from the funeral at 9 o'clock. Friends of the deceased are invited to call on Mrs. J. W. Hobbs at Sedalia to-morrow, to attend the funeral and will also have a delegation from the office attend.

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